All About Ketones Melanie B Gillingham PhD, RD Oregon Health & Science University

What are Ketones?

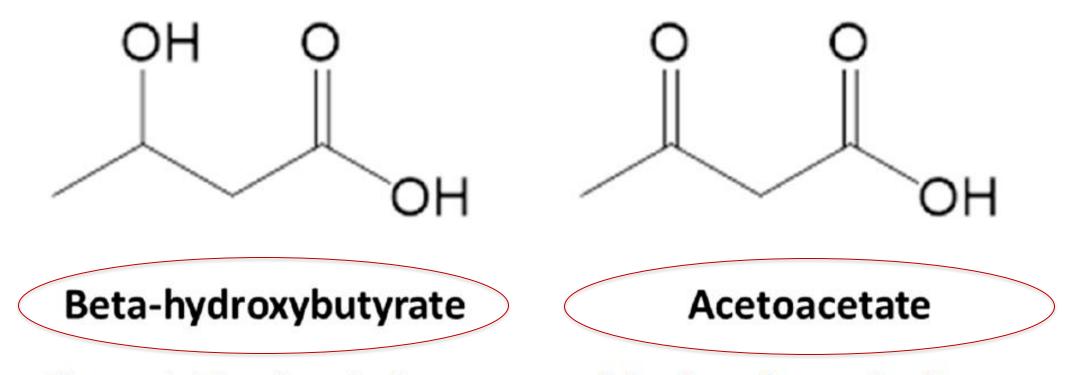
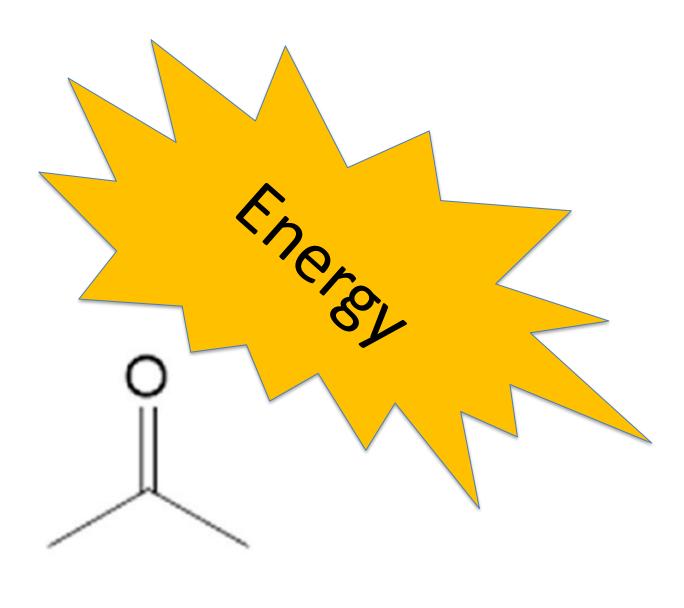
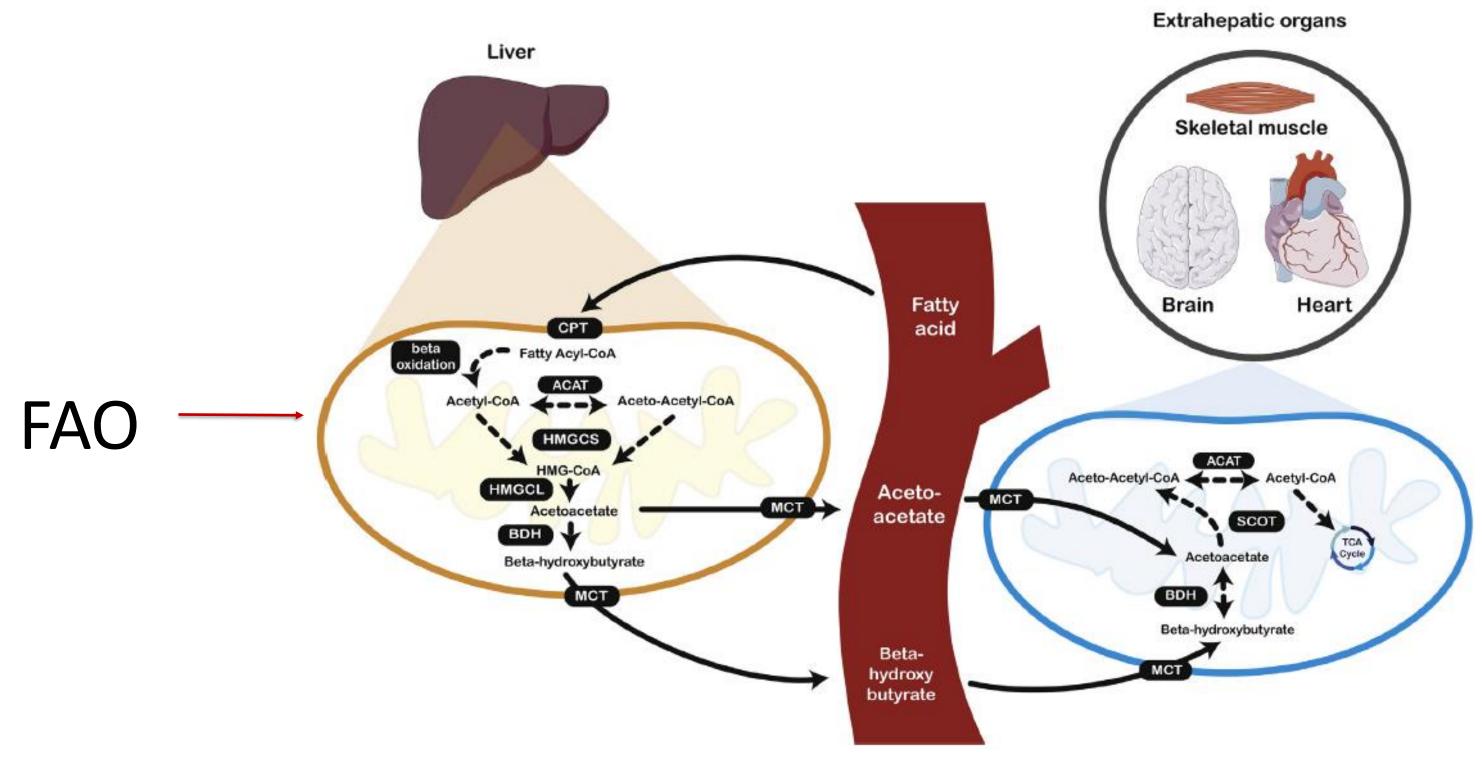


Figure 1. The chemical structures of the three ketone bodies.



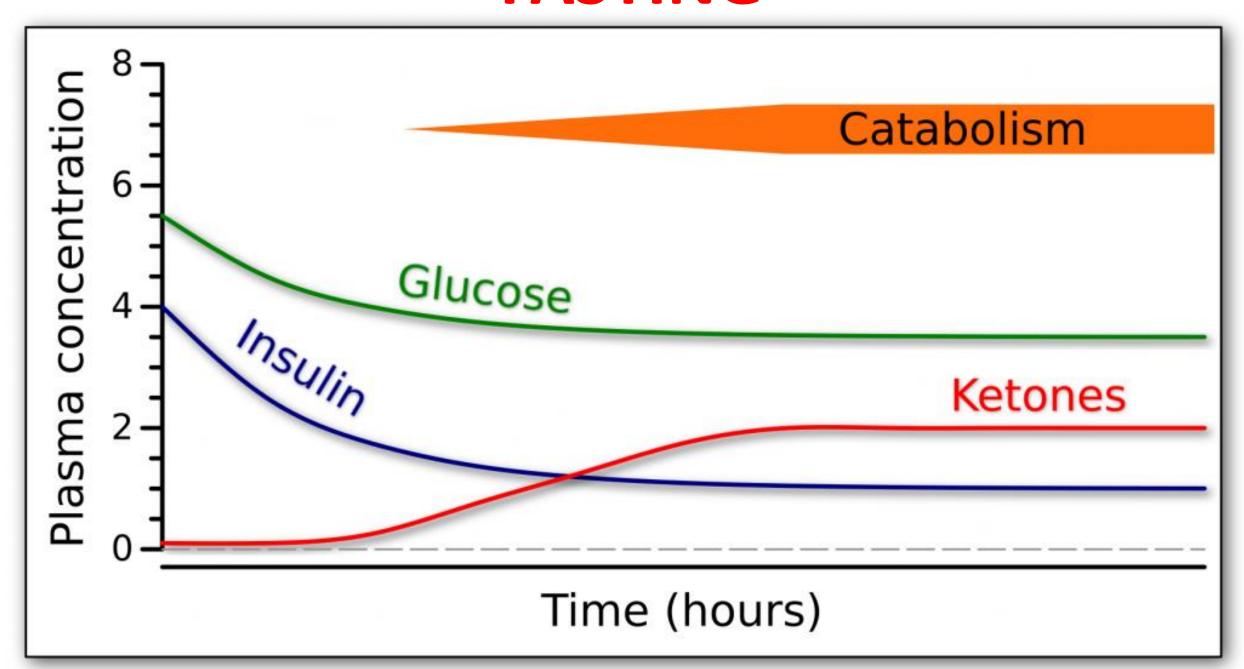
Acetone

How are ketones made?

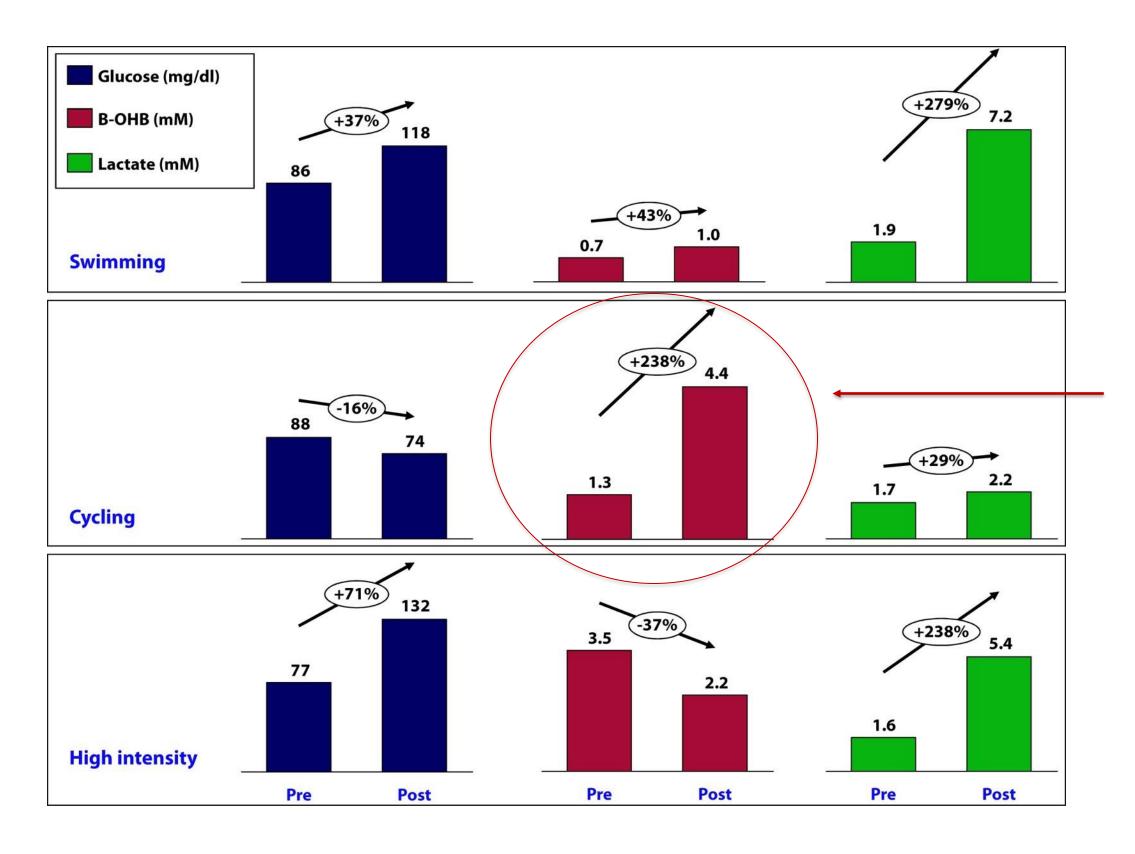


When are ketones made?

FASTING

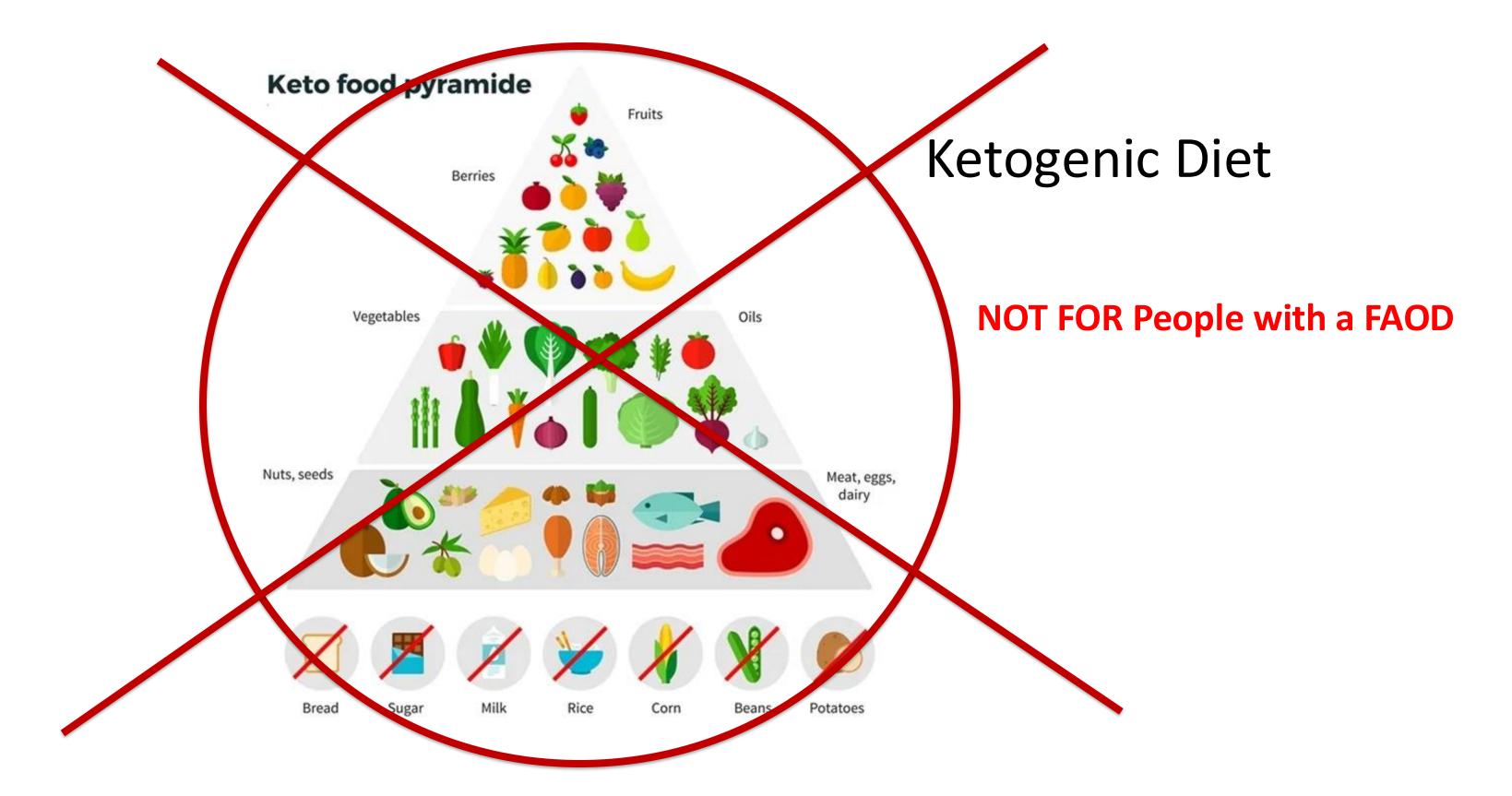


When are ketones made?



Moderate intensity exercise

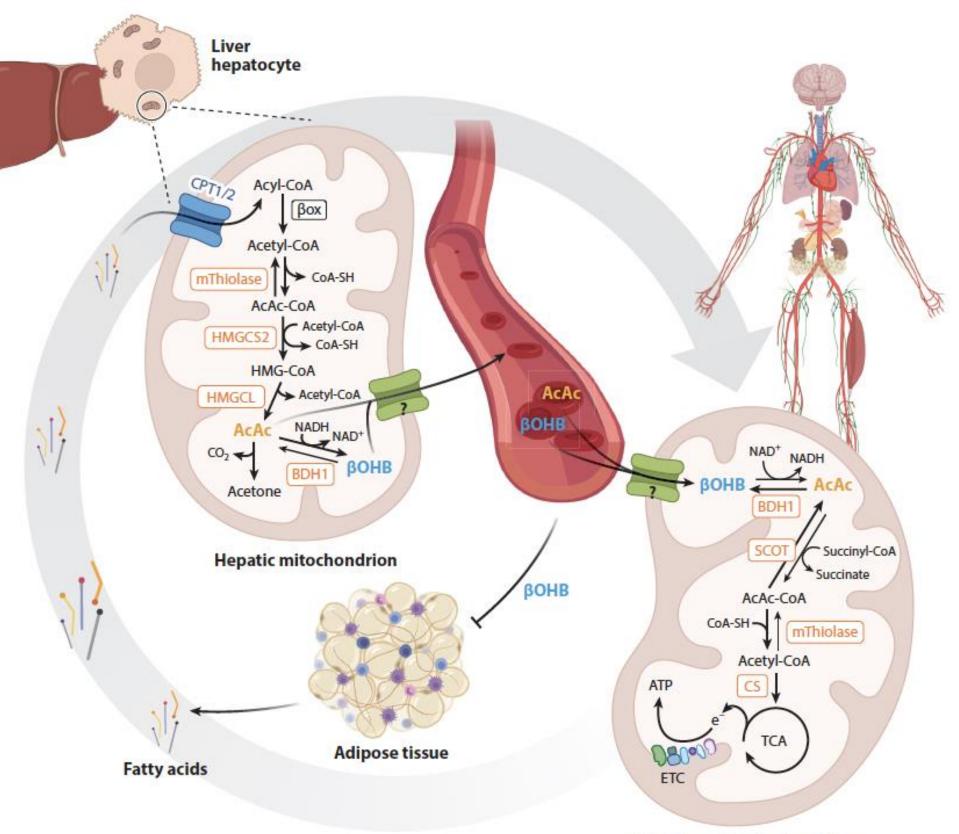
When are ketones made?



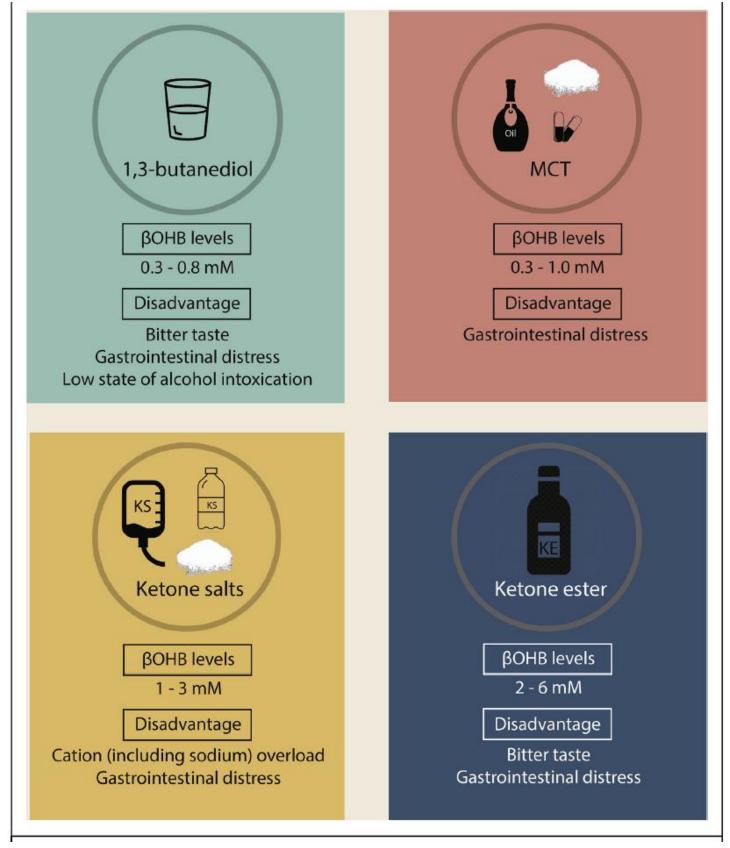
People with FAODs are hypoketotic

No liver FAOD – No ketogenesis

Ketones- end product of FAO

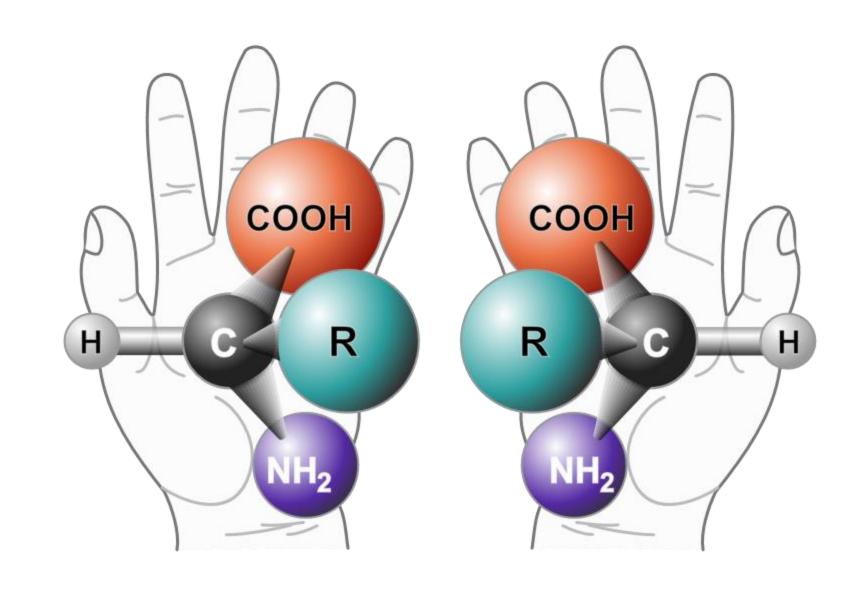


Supplemental Ketones



D, L forms of ketones

- Enantiomers or optical isomers are the exact same molecule but with different 3D structure around a chiral or central carbon atom
- B-hydroxybutyrate has 2 enantiomers
 - D b-hydroxybutyrate
 - L b-hydroxybutyrate



D, L forms of ketones

- Endogenously produced ketones from the liver are only <u>D beta hydroxybutyrate</u>
- Commercial salt products are a mix of 50% D and 50% L beta hydroxybutyrate
- We call this a Racemic mix or both enantiomers in the mixture
- Ketone esters like delta G are <u>D beta hydroxybutyrate</u> on a glycerol backbone
- The salt ketone product by Nestle Health Science is <u>D beta hydroxybutyrate</u>

Is there a difference in D,L BHB metabolism?

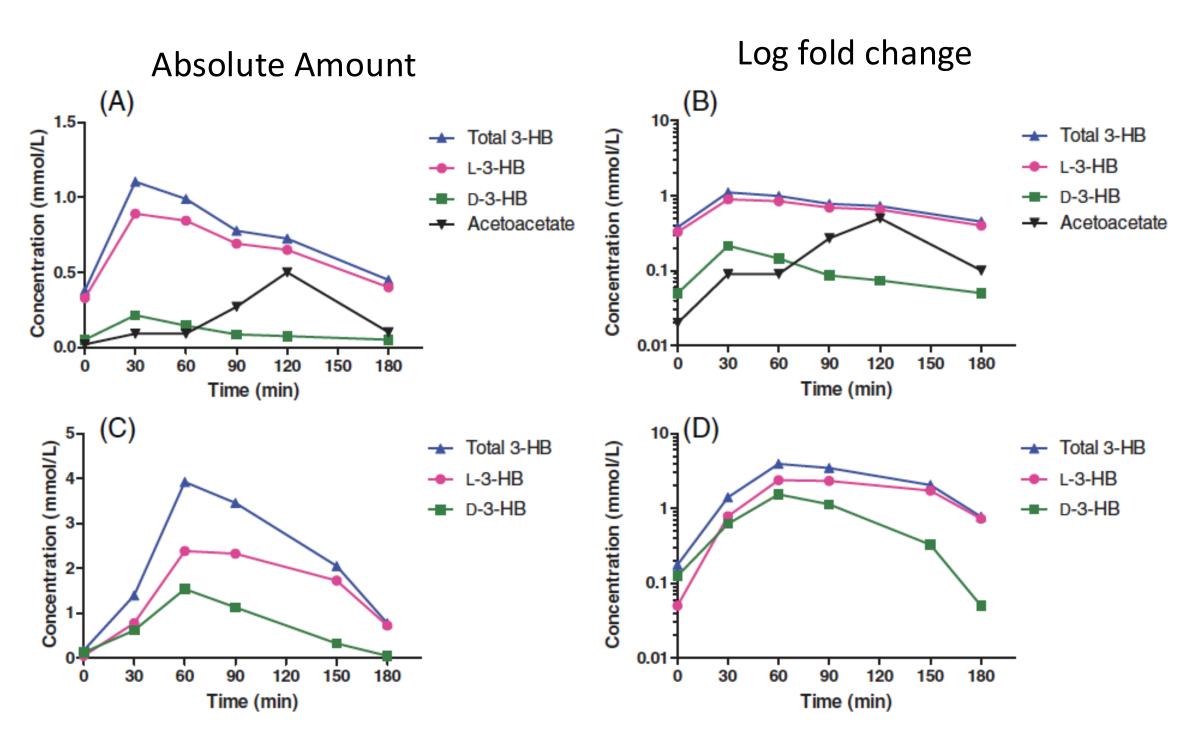
Enantiomer-specific pharmacokinetics of D,L-3-hydroxybutyrate: Implications for the treatment of multiple acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency

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Willemijn J. van Rijt<sup>1</sup> | Johan L. K. Van Hove<sup>2</sup> | Frédéric M. Vaz<sup>3,4</sup> | Rick Havinga<sup>5</sup> | Derk P. Allersma<sup>6</sup> | Tanja R. Zijp<sup>6</sup> | Jirair K. Bedoyan<sup>7</sup> | M. R. Heiner-Fokkema<sup>8</sup> | Dirk-Jan Reijngoud<sup>5</sup> | Michael T. Geraghty<sup>9</sup> | Ronald J. A. Wanders<sup>3</sup> | Maaike H. Oosterveer<sup>5</sup> | Terry G. J. Derks<sup>1</sup>
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J Inherit Metab Dis. 2021;44:926–938.

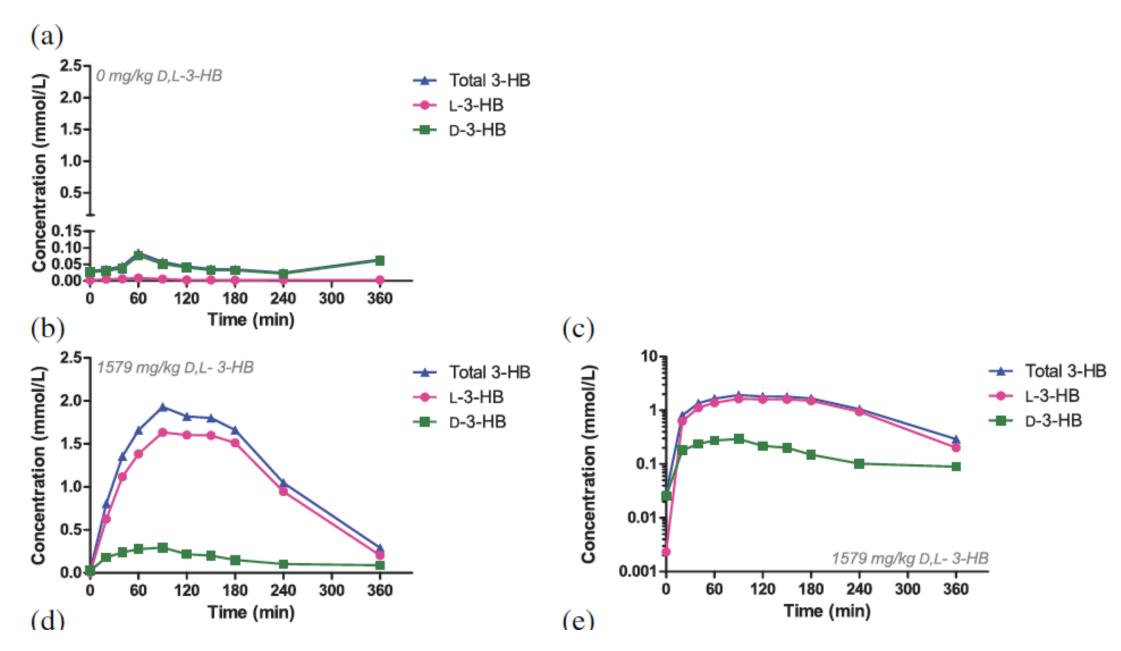
Oral D, L racemic mix of BHB

- Measured D, L BHB in blood after oral dose in 2 patients with MADD
- L-BHB higher than D-BHB in blood
- Peaked within 30-60 min
- Returned toward baseline at 3 hours

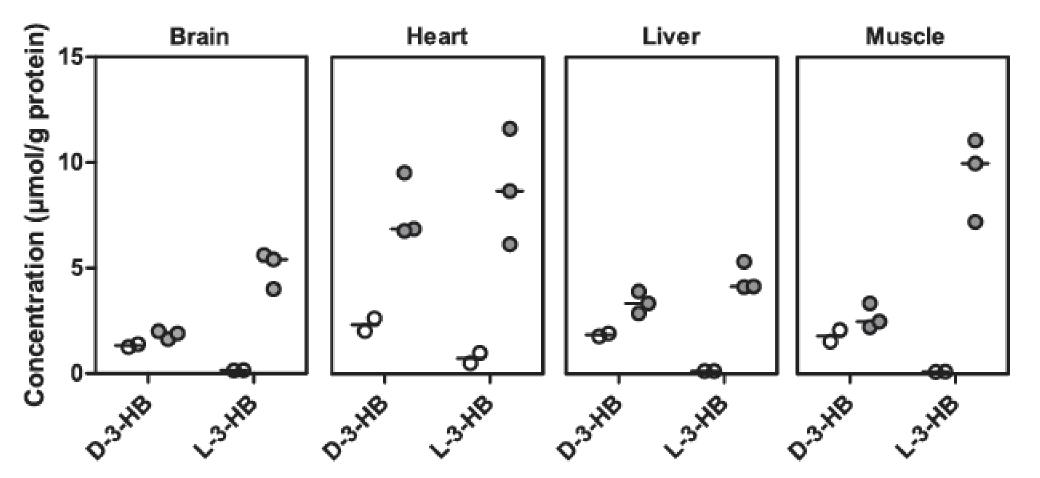


Oral D, L racemic mix of BHB

- Fed control salt load or D,L
 BHB to rats; measured blood concentrations
- L BHB higher than D BHB
- Peaked at 60 min
- Returning to baseline at 6 hours



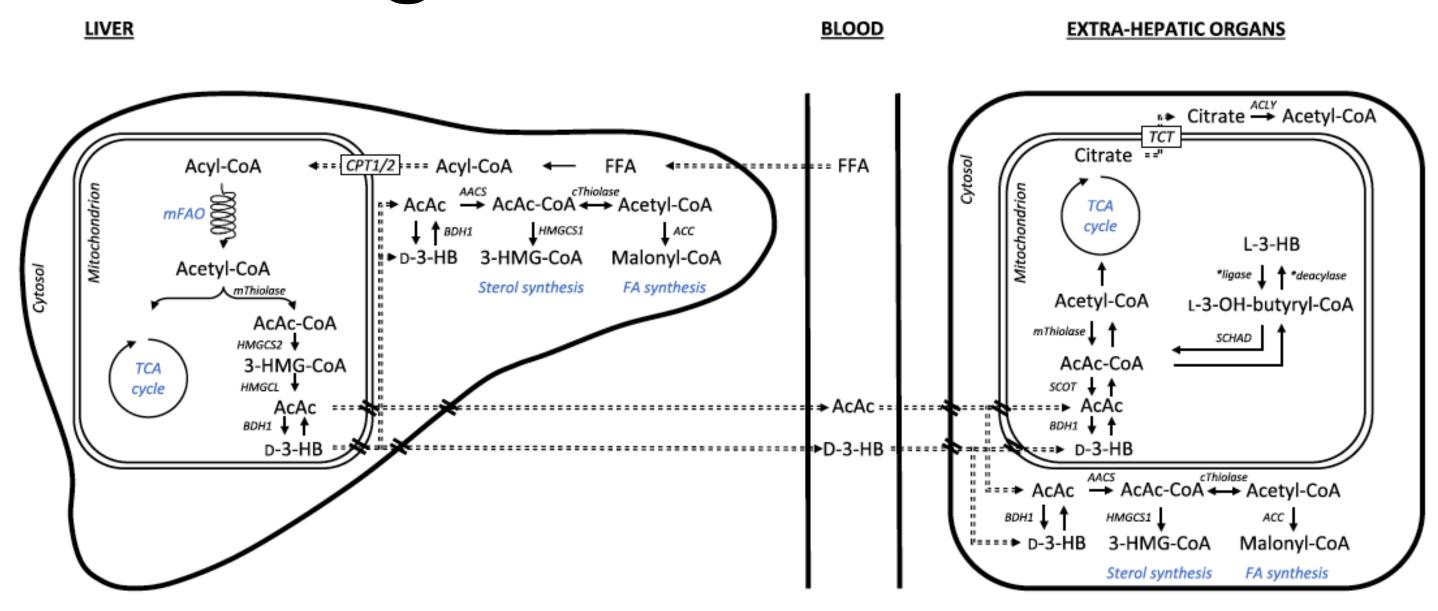
Tissue concentrations of D, L BHB



- o 0 mg/kg D,L-3-HB
- 6317 mg/kg D,L-3-HB

- Looked at tissue concentrations in the rats
- L BHB higher in the brain; muscle
- D BHB high in heart

What does high blood L BHB mean?



- High L BHB slower uptake into tissue or slower metabolism?
- L BHB predominately used to make cholesterol/fatty acids in the brain?
- D BHB for energy tissues like the heart; L BHB for brain symptoms like leukodystrophy

D,L racemic mix vs D only in controls

Metabolism of Exogenous D-Beta-Hydroxybutyrate, an Energy Substrate Avidly Consumed by the Heart and Kidney

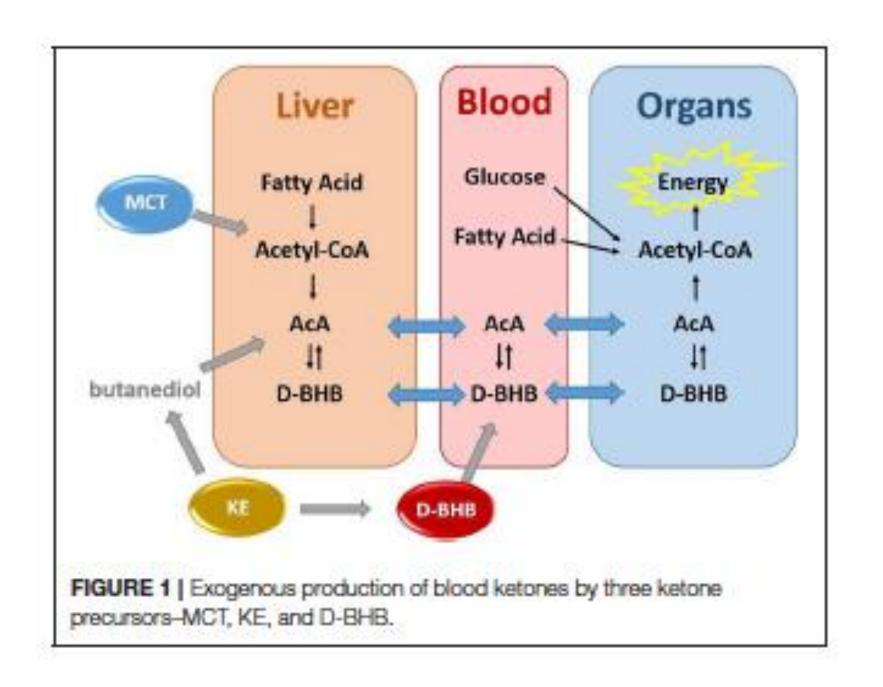
Bernard Cuenoud 1*, Mickaël Hartweg 2, Jean-Philippe Godin 3, Etienne Croteau 4, Mathieu Maltais 5,6, Christian-Alexandre Castellano 6, André C. Carpentier 5,7,8 and Stephen C. Cunnane 5,6,8



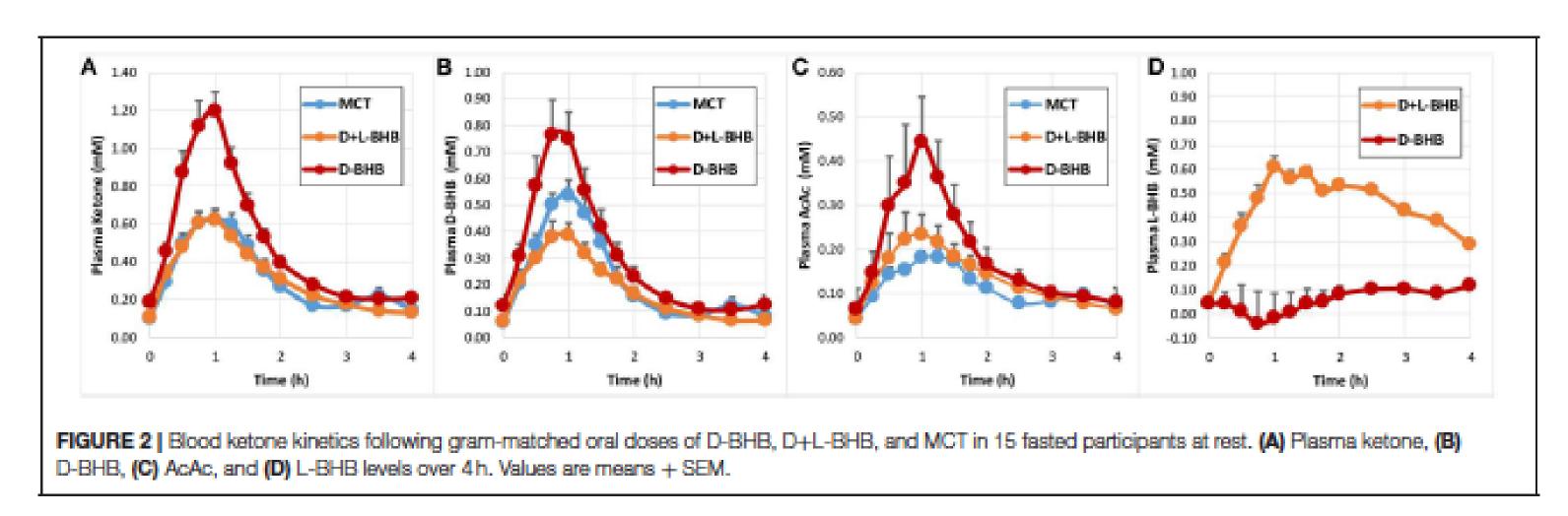
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Compare MCT, D,L BHB salt and D BHB salt

- Healthy volunteers
- Consumed 3 different meals
 - MCT
 - D,L BHB racemic mix
 - D BHB only



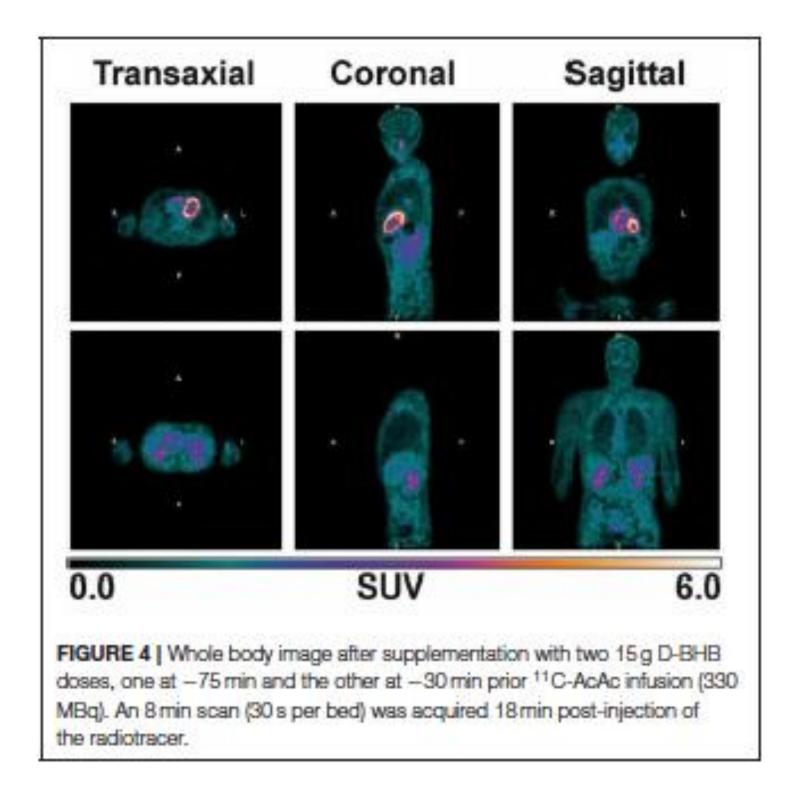
D BHB raised plasma ketones most



- Plasma D BHB peaked at 1 hour; highest with D BHB only
- L BHB only observed with D,L mix as expected

D BHB oxidized for energy in heart, kidney

- Participant consumed tracer D-BHB
- Used PET imaging; pink indicates presence of tracer
- Uptake visible in heart and kidney







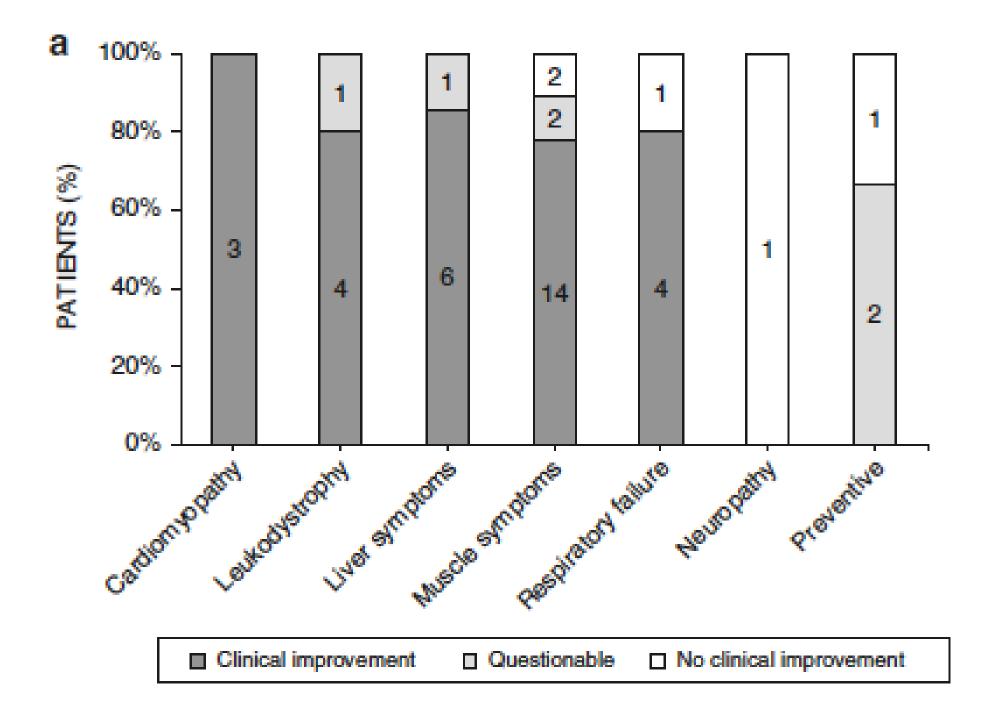
Efficacy and safety of D,L-3-hydroxybutyrate (D,L-3-HB) treatment in multiple acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency

Table 2 Summarized patient and D,L-3-hydroxybutyrate treatment characteristics according to outcome.

Clinical improvement upon D,L-3-HB

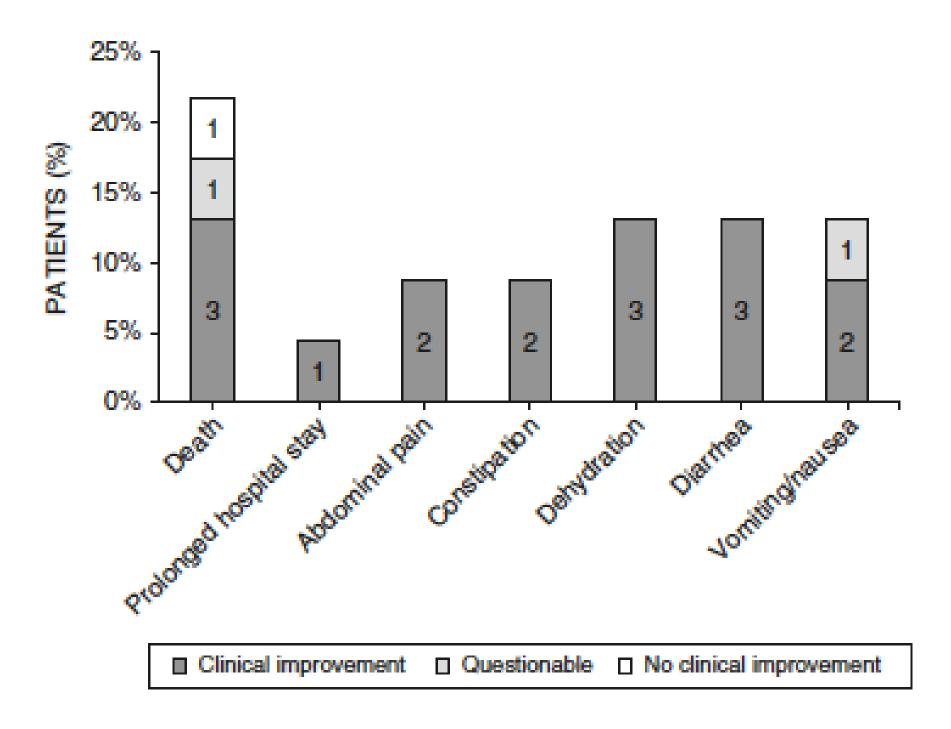
	treatment		
	Yes (n = 16; 70%)	Questionable (n = 3; 13%)	No (n = 4; 17%)
Gender	M:F = 9:7	M:F= 1:2	M:F = 0:4
Alive	12 (75%)	2 (67%)	3 (75%)
Current age	13 years	3 years	13.5 years
	(6.5 years)	(1.5 years)	(10.5 years)
Age at death	1.5 years (8 years)	8 months	10 days
Age at onset	3 months	3 days	3 months
	(8 months)	(5 months)	(5 years)
Congenital anomalies	-	-	-
Positive NBS results	8 (50%)	3 (100%)	2 (50%)

Clinical improvement



Improvement: cardiomyopathy, brain leukodystrophy, liver, muscle symptoms

Adverse Effects

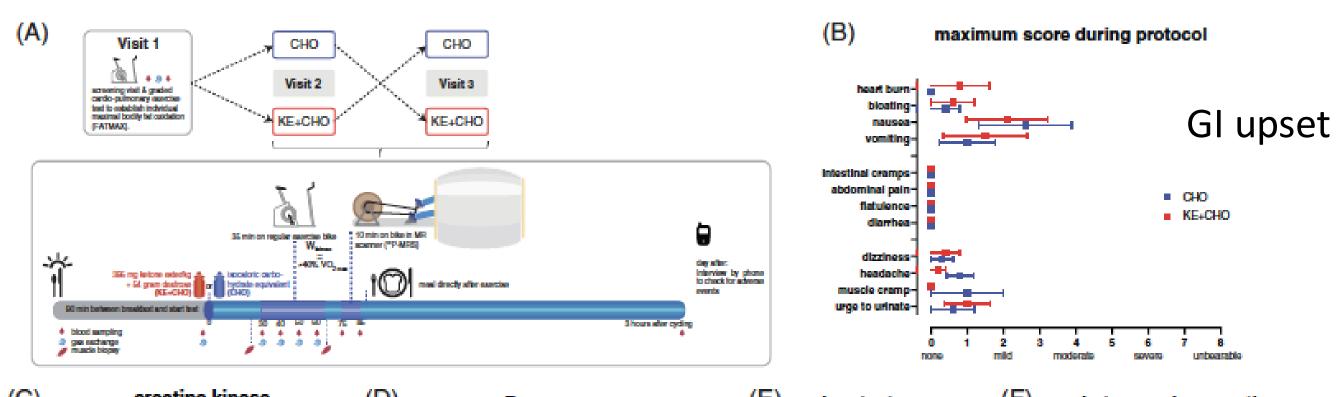


Adverse effects: mostly GI related; can include dehydration

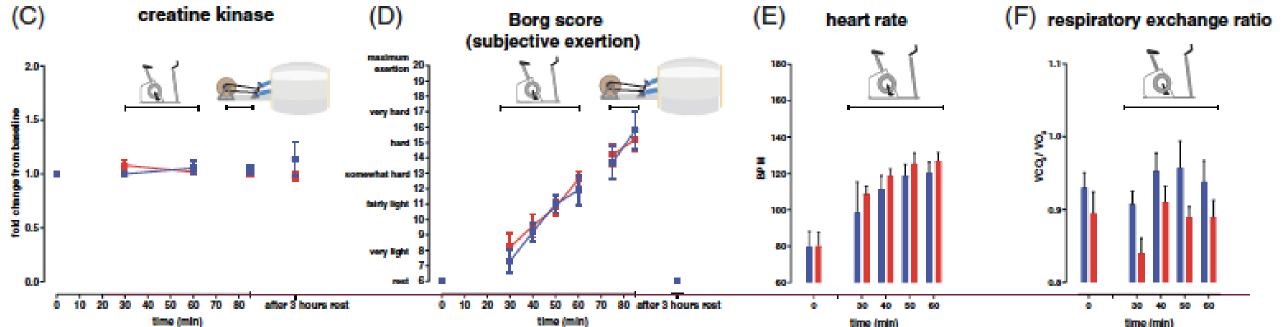
Nutritional ketosis improves exercise metabolism in patients with very long-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency 20 | LWILEY | IMD | SEED |

Ketone Ester

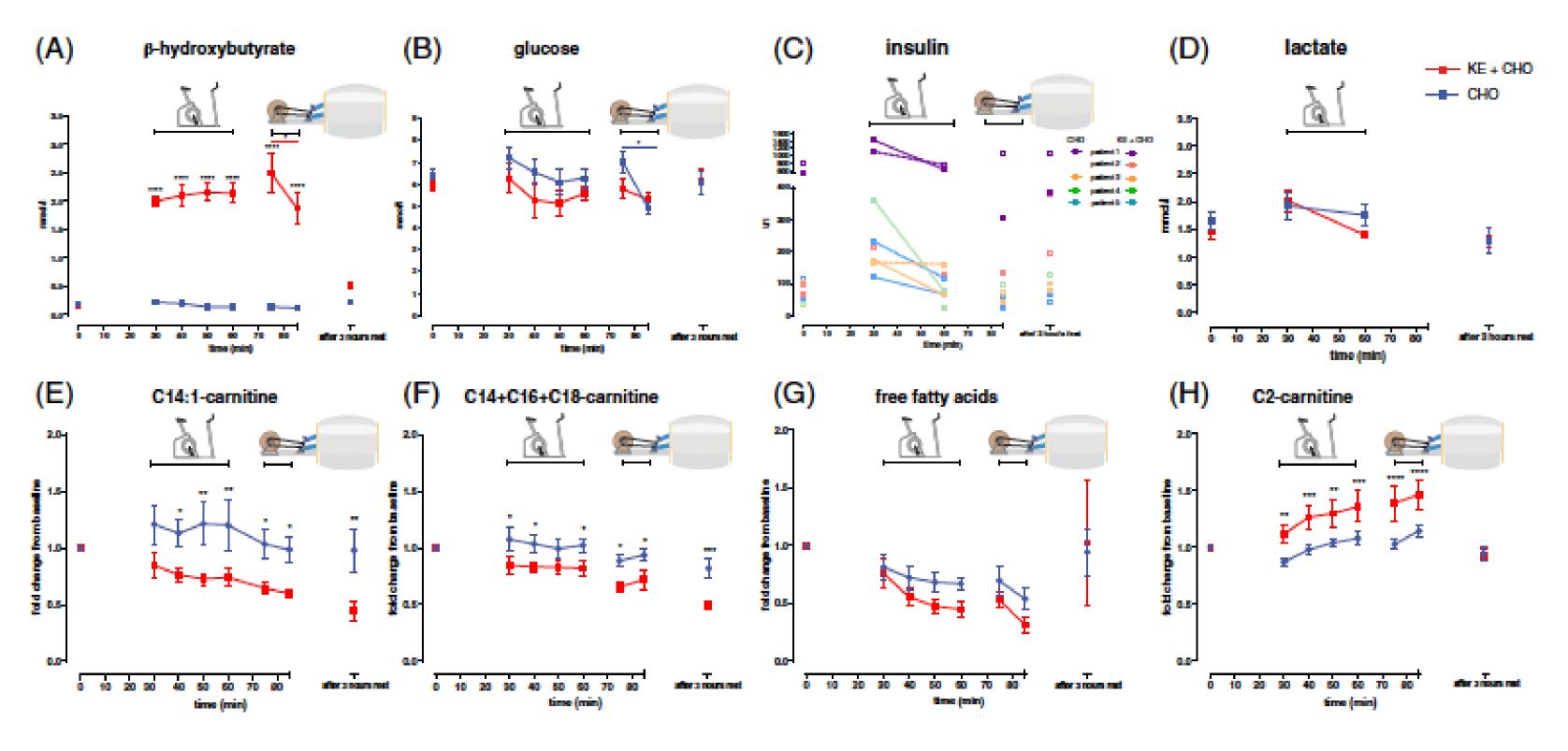
Similar exercise outcomes



BLEEKER BT AL.



Ketone Ester



Raised ketones and acetyl-carnitine Lowered free fatty acids and long-chain acylcarnitines

D BHB salt

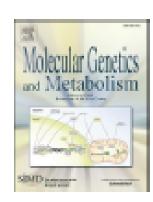
Molecular Genetics and Metabolism 144 (2025) 109070



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Molecular Genetics and Metabolism







D-BHB supplementation before moderate-intensity exercise suppresses lipolysis and selectively blunts exercise-induced long-chain acylcarnitine increase in pilot study of patients with long-chain fatty acid oxidation disorders

Ashley N. Gregor a, Philippe Delerive b, Bernard Cuenoud b,d, Irina Monnard C, Karine Redeuil Cary O. Harding Melanie B. Gillingham a,*

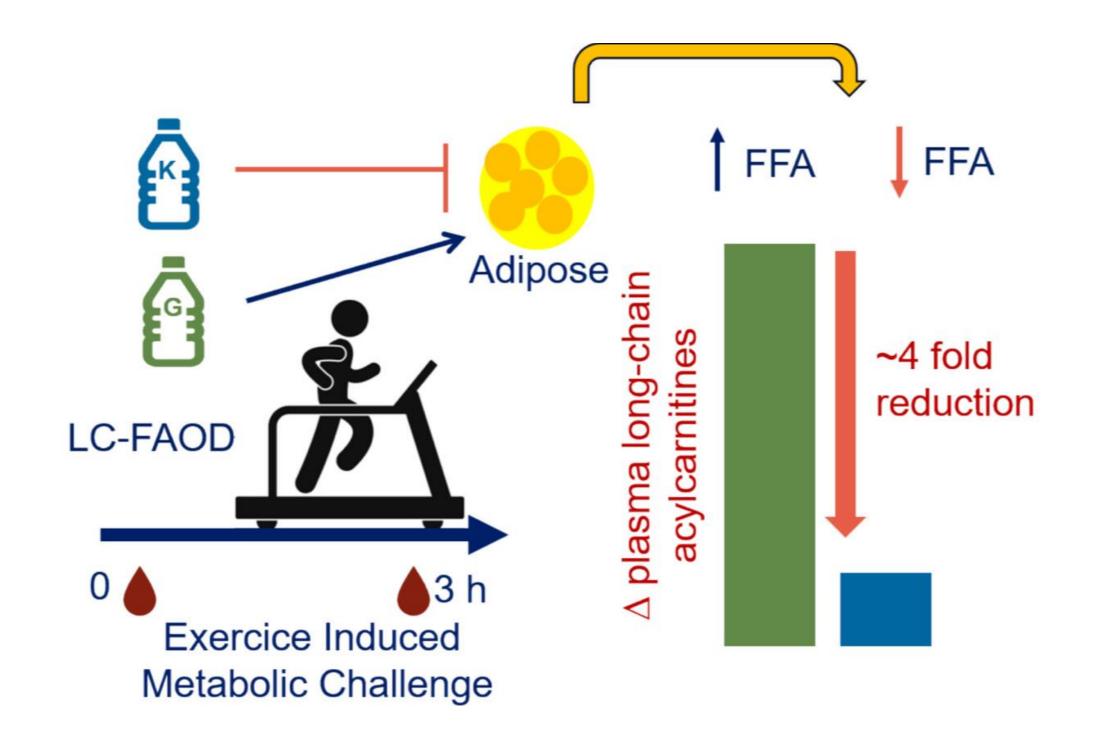
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Ketones suppressed FAO with exercise



What we know

- D BHB endogenously synthesized
- D BHB used for energy; particularly in the heart and muscle
- D BHB suppresses adipose release of fatty acids and lowers acylcarnitines
- L BHB high in blood after D, L BHB consumption
- L BHB not used for energy
- L BHB high in the brain tissue

What we do not know

- Does L BHB have other benefits? Particularly in the brain?
- Should we focus on D BHB only or is there an advantage of a D, L mix?

CENTRAL ILLUSTRATION Bioenergetic and Pleiotropic Effects of Ketone Bodies †Cardiac energetics † Endothelial function Blood glucose **Ketosis ↓**Oxidative stress and lipid profile ≥0.5 mmol/l **↓ HDACs Body weight** Mitochondrial function **Blood pressure ↓** Inflammation **↓**Cardiac remodeling Yurista, S.R. et al. J Am Coll Cardiol. 2021;77(13):1660-9.